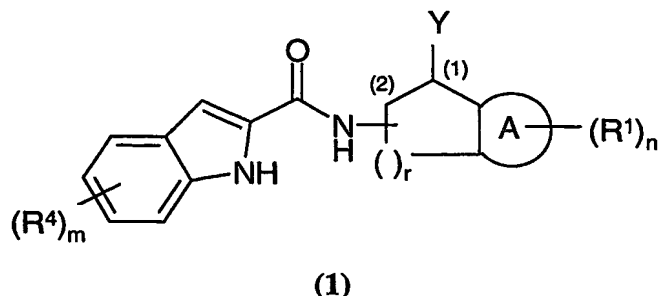


Claims

1. A compound of formula (1):



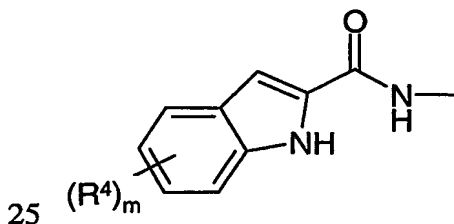
wherein:

A is phenylene or heteroarylene;

n is 0, 1 or 2;

m is 0, 1 or 2;

- 10 R^1 is independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, carboxy, carbamoyl, *N*-(1-4C)alkylcarbamoyl, *N,N*-((1-4C)alkyl)₂carbamoyl, sulphamoyl, *N*-(1-4C)alkylsulphamoyl, *N,N*-((1-4C)alkyl)₂sulphamoyl, -S(O)_b(1-4C)alkyl (wherein b is 0, 1, or 2), -OS(O)₂(1-4C)alkyl, (1-4C)alkyl, (2-4C)alkenyl, (2-4C)alkynyl, (1-4C)alkoxy, (1-4C)alkanoyl, (1-4C)alkanoyloxy, hydroxy(1-4C)alkyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy and -NHSO₂(1-4C)alkyl;
- 15 or, when n is 2, the two R^1 groups, together with the carbon atoms of A to which they are attached, may form a 4 to 7 membered saturated ring, optionally containing 1 or 2 heteroatoms independently selected from O, S and N, and optionally being substituted by one or two methyl groups;
- 20 R^4 is independently selected from halo, nitro, cyano, hydroxy, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, carboxy, carbamoyl, (1-4C)alkyl, (2-4C)alkenyl, (2-4C)alkynyl, (1-4C)alkoxy and (1-4C)alkanoyl;
- r is 1 or 2; and
- when r is 1 the group



is a substituent on carbon (2) and

when r is 2 (thereby forming a six membered ring) the same group is a substituent on carbon (2) or on carbon (3);

- Y is selected from $-C(O)R^2$, $-C(O)OR^2$, $-C(O)NR^2R^3$, $-(1-4C)alkyl$ [optionally substituted by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from hydroxy, $-C=NR^2$, $(1-4C)alkoxy$, aryloxy, heterocyclyloxy, $-S(O)_bR^2$ (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), $-O-S(O)_bR^2$ (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), $-NR^2R^3$, $-N(OH)R^2$, $-NR^2C(=O)R^2$, $-NHOHC(=O)R^2$, $-SO_2NR^2R^3$, $-N(R^2)SO_2R^2$, aryl and heterocyclyl], $-C(O)NOH$, $-C(O)NSH$, $-C(N)OH$, $-C(N)SH$, $-SO_2H$, $-SO_3H$, $-SO_2N(OH)R^2$, $-(2-4C)alkenyl$, $-SO_2NR^2R^3$, $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)R^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)OR^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylSC(O)R^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)R^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)NR^2R^3$, $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)OR^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylN(R^2)C(O)OR^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylN(R^2)C(O)NR^2R^3$, $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)NR^2R^3$, $(3-6C)cycloalkyl$ (optionally substituted by 1 or 2 R^8), aryl, heterocyclyl (wherein the heterocyclic ring is linked by a ring carbon atom), $-(1-4C)alkylSO_2(2-4C)alkenyl$ and $-S(O)_cR^2$ (wherein c is 0, 1 or 2);
- 15 R^2 and R^3 are independently selected from hydrogen, $-O(1-4C)alkyl$, $-S(1-4C)alkyl$, $-N(1-4C)alkyl$, heterocyclyl, aryl and $(1-4C)alkyl$ [optionally substituted by 1 or 2 R^8 groups];
- or
- wherein NR^2R^3 may form a 4 to 7 membered saturated, partially saturated or unsaturated ring, optionally containing 1, 2 or 3 additional heteroatoms independently selected from N, O and S (provided there are no O-O, O-S or S-S bonds), wherein any $-CH_2-$ may optionally be replaced by $-C(=O)-$, and any N or S atom may optionally be oxidised to form an N-oxide or SO or SO_2 group respectively, and wherein the ring is optionally substituted by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from halo, cyano, $(1-4C)alkyl$, hydroxy, $(1-4C)alkoxy$ and $(1-4C)alkylS(O)_b-$ (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2);
- 25 R^8 is independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, $(1-4C)alkyl$, $(2-4C)alkenyl$, $(1-4C)alkoxy$, cyano $(1-4C)alkyl$, amino $(1-4C)alkyl$ [optionally substituted on nitrogen by 1 or 2 groups selected from $(1-4C)alkyl$, hydroxy, hydroxy $(1-4C)alkyl$, dihydroxy $(1-4C)alkyl$, $-CO_2(1-4C)alkyl$, aryl and aryl $(1-4C)alkyl$], halo $(1-4C)alkyl$, dihalo $(1-4C)alkyl$, trihalo $(1-4C)alkyl$, hydroxy $(1-4C)alkyl$, dihydroxy $(1-4C)alkyl$,
- 30 $(1-4C)alkoxy(1-4C)alkoxy$, $(1-4C)alkoxy(1-4C)alkyl$, hydroxy $(1-4C)alkoxy$, 5- and 6-membered cyclic acetals and mono- and di-methyl derivatives thereof, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl $(1-4C)alkyl$, $(3-7C)cycloalkyl$ (optionally substituted with 1 or 2 hydroxy groups,

- (1-4C)alkyl or -CO₂(1-4C)alkyl), (1-4C)alkanoyl, (1-4C)alkylS(O)_b- (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), (3-6C)cycloalkylS(O)_b- (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), arylS(O)_b- (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), heterocyclylS(O)_b- (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), benzylS(O)_b- (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), (1-4C)alkylS(O)_c(1-4C)alkyl- (wherein c is 0, 1 or 2), -N(OH)CHO, -C(=N-OH)NH₂,
 5 -C(=N-OH)NH(1-4C)alkyl, -C(=N-OH)N((1-4C)alkyl)₂, -C(=N-OH)NH(3-6C)cycloalkyl, -C(=N-OH)N((3-6C)cycloalkyl)₂, -COCOOR⁹, -C(O)N(R⁹)(R¹⁰), -NHC(O)R⁹, -C(O)NHSO₂(1-4C)alkyl, -NHSO₂R⁹, (R⁹)(R¹⁰)NSO₂-, -COCH₂OR¹¹, -COCH₂OH, (R⁹)(R¹⁰)N-, -COOR⁹, -CH₂OR⁹, -CH₂COOR⁹, -CH₂OCOR⁹, -CH₂CH(CO₂R⁹)OH, -CH₂C(O)NR⁹R¹⁰, -(CH₂)_wCH(NR⁹R¹⁰)CO₂R⁹ (wherein w is 1, 2 or 3), and
 10 -(CH₂)_wCH(NR⁹R¹⁰)CO(NR⁹R¹⁰) (wherein w is 1, 2 or 3);
 R⁹, R^{9'}, R¹⁰ and R^{10'} are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, (1-4C)alkyl (optionally substituted by 1 or 2 R¹¹), (2-4C)alkenyl, (3-7C)cycloalkyl (optionally substituted by 1 or 2 hydroxy groups), cyano(1-4C)alkyl, trihalo(1-4C)alkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, heterocyclyl(1-4C)alkyl, -CO₂(1-4C)alkyl; or
 15 R⁹ and R¹⁰ together with the nitrogen to which they are attached, and/or R^{9'} and R^{10'} together with the nitrogen to which they are attached, form a 4- to 6-membered ring where the ring is optionally substituted on carbon by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from oxo, hydroxy, carboxy, halo, nitro, cyano, carbonyl, (1-4C)alkoxy and heterocyclyl; or the ring may be optionally substituted on two adjacent carbons by -O-CH₂-O- to form a cyclic acetal
 20 wherein one or both of the hydrogens of the -O-CH₂-O- group may be replaced by a methyl;
 R¹¹ is independently selected from (1-4C)alkyl, and hydroxy(1-4C)alkyl;
 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or pro-drug thereof.

2. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or pro-drug
 25 thereof, as claimed in claim 1, wherein A is phenylene.

3. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2, wherein n is 0.

30 4. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein r is 1.

5. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein m is 1.

6. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein Y is selected from $-C(O)OR^2$, $-C(O)NR^2R^3$, $-(1-4C)alkyl$ [optionally substituted by a substituent selected from hydroxy, (1-4C)alkoxy, $-S(O)_bR^2$ (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), $-O-S(O)_bR^2$ (wherein b is 0, 1 or 2), $-NR^2R^3$, $-NR^2C(=O)R^2$ and $-SO_2NR^2R^3$], $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)R^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)OR^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)R^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylC(O)NR^2R^3$, $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)OR^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylN(R^2)C(O)OR^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylN(R^2)C(O)NR^2R^3$, $-(1-4C)alkylSC(O)R^2$, $-(1-4C)alkylOC(O)NR^2R^3$, $-(1-4C)alkylSO_2(2-4C)alkenyl$ and $-SO_cR^2$ (wherein c is 0, 1 or 2).

7. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein R^2 and R^3 are independently selected from hydrogen, heterocyclyl, $-O(1-4C)alkyl$, $-N(1-4C)alkyl$, (1-4C)alkyl [optionally substituted by 1 or 2 R^8 groups]; or an NR^2R^3 group forms a morpholine, thiomorpholine (and oxidised versions thereof), pyrrolidine, or piperidine ring and wherein the ring is optionally substituted by 1 or 2 substituents independently selected from chloro, fluoro, hydroxy and methoxy.

8. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein R^8 is independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy, $-C(O)N(R^9)(R^{10})$, $-NHC(O)R^9$, $-COOR^9$, $-CH_2OR^9$, $-CH_2COOR^9$, $-CH_2OCOR^9$, aryl, heterocyclyl, and 5- and 6-membered cyclic acetals and mono- and di-methyl derivatives thereof.

9. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in any one of the preceding claims wherein R^9 and R^{10} are independently selected from hydrogen, hydroxy and (1-4C)alkyl) or R^9 and R^{10} together with the nitrogen to which they are attached form a morpholine, thiomorpholine (and oxidised versions thereof), pyrrolidine, or piperidine ring.

10. A pharmaceutical composition which comprises a compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1 in association with a pharmaceutically-acceptable diluent or carrier.

5 11. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1, for use in a method of treatment of a warm-blooded animal such as man by therapy.

12. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo
10 hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1, for use as a medicament.

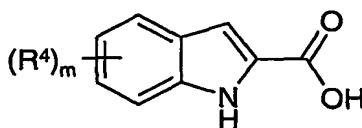
13. A compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1, for use as a medicament in the treatment of type 2 diabetes, insulin resistance, syndrome X, hyperinsulinaemia, hyperglucagonaemia,
15 cardiac ischaemia or obesity in a warm-blooded animal such as man.

14. The use of a compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the treatment of type 2 diabetes, insulin resistance, syndrome X, hyperinsulinaemia,
20 hyperglucagonaemia, cardiac ischaemia or obesity in a warm-blooded animal such as man.

15. The use of a compound of the formula (1), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or in-vivo hydrolysable ester thereof, as claimed in claim 1, in the manufacture of a medicament for use in the treatment of type 2 diabetes in a warm-blooded animal such as man.
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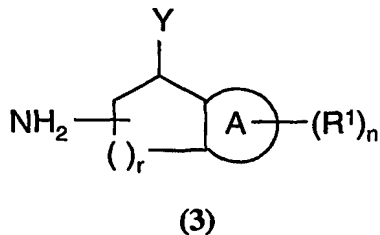
16. A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (1) as claimed in claim 1, which process comprises:

reacting an acid of the formula (2):



(2)

or an activated derivative thereof; with an amine of formula (3):



and thereafter if necessary:

- 5 i) converting a compound of the formula (1) into another compound of the formula (1);
- ii) removing any protecting groups;
- iii) forming a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or *in vivo* hydrolysable ester.